

# The Caledonian Mercury.

Edinburgh, Tuesday, July 21, 1730.

From the Weekly Journal, July 11.

Mr. FOG,

I Am glad to find that there is a little of the old English Spirit still among us. Every English Subject has an undoubted Right to petition his King. Mr. BUDGELL has done no more than this; and yet before ever it is known whether the Contents of his Petition are true or false, what a deal of Scandal and Billingsgate have the Flatterers of Power, and Advocates for Slavery flung at him! I find the unhappy Gentleman himself either thinks these Creatures below his Notice, or is not at Leisure to answer them: But I am pleased to observe, that there are some bold Britons even in this degenerate Age, who are not afraid to defend him. I have been reading a Pamphlet just published, entitled, *A Letter to the Author of a Letter to His Grace Budgell Esquire*. The Gentleman who writes this Pamphlet, only laughs at his sly Adversary, and treats him for the most Part with all the Contempt which he deserves; but when he has a Mind to be a little in earnest, there is a Spirit in his Style and Sentiments which I am mightily pleased with. I beg leave to give you and your Readers two or three Instances. In Page the 18th he addresses himself to his Adversary in the following Words:

You are very unlucky Brother What d'ye call him in your Tropes. I never knew any fly to Poverty or Misfortunes as a Sanctuary, or that the Law esteem'd either the one or the other such. --- You must certainly be a Stranger to the Miseries of a Goal (or this is thrown in to make us believe you are) where Numbers have been, lock'd up and starv'd, for no other Crimes than Poverty brought on by Misfortunes. No, Mr. What d'ye call him, give me leave to inform your Understanding, and tell you, Poorer and Richer are Sanctuaries! --- I have known a Fellow hang'd who robb'd for Bread, the same Day that I have seen a Villain in his Coach and six, who robb'd to support Luxury and aggrandize his Family. You cannot but guess whom I mean; but lest you should mistake willfully, and say I hint at a cer-

tain Great Man, I'll name the very Person, it is PRINCE MENZIKOFF.

Page 24. I entirely agree with the very worthy Gentleman I am answering, that a Great Man ought not to think it worth his while, to pry upon a delishious and almost ruin'd Gentleman; yet I must beg Leave to tell this Writer, that I have read of a Man in Power, whom his Flatterers call'd a Great Man, who has acted so mean and cruel a Part, that an honest Hungarian would blush to be taxed with. A real Great Man who makes it his Business to search out Men of uncommon Parts and Capacities, shews them all imaginable Encouragement, and as their Number is seldom great, takes Care to fix them in such Stations, as may render their Talents serviceable to their King and Country. A Man truly Great would never suffer it to be said, that while he was in Power, a Gentleman perish'd in a Goal, who was eminent for his natural and acquired Parts, remarkable for his Loyalty to his Prince, and some of whose Relations had been the brightest Ornaments of their Country. A Man truly Great would not be able to enjoy his Wealth till he had relieved and rais'd Merit in Distress. Nay, had he Reason of Distress to the Person, he would draw his private Resentments in the Consideration of the publick Good, and by a noble Conquest over his own Passions, get the better of his Enemy, by not allowing him to be so, who was a Friend to his Country. --- But, if ever a Man, very little in himself, should, for the Sins of an unhappy Nation, come to be great in Power, it might possibly happen, that with such an one the least Sign of a Capacity above the vulgar, might be thought a Crime never to be forgiven. He might think his own Ignorance upbraided; by the Knowledge of another; his own Jealousies might never suffer him to rest; and he might think that he was never sufficiently secured against a Man of Merit, till he saw him breath his last, and fairly laid his Foot under Ground.

The Romans had a Proverb, *Ex Pede Herculis*: And from what I have quoted, you may judge of a

Pamph



Pamphlet which I cannot help recommending to your Perusal.

*I am your humble Servant  
and an ENGLISHMAN.*

*From the London Gazette, July 14.*

Hamburg, July 11. N. S. We have an Account here of the Death of the Duke of Courland; and that some Moscovite Troops are in Motion on one Side, and some Polish on the other.

*Wye's Letter Verbatim, London, July 14.*

*Since our last arrived a Mail from France.*

Letters from Paris by the French Mail Yesterday advise, That on the 18th instant the Duke de Villeroi, General of the King's Armies, and Head of the Royal Council of Finances, and who had been the King's Governor, departed this Life in the 87th Year of his Age. Those from Malaga relate, that on the 11th instant, 16 Transports all English, sailed thence for Barcelona, where they are all in a Hurry upon the Expedition to Italy, and in which Port are 13 Spanish Men of War, and 7 Gallies, as also near 80 French Tartans, taken into the King of Spain's Service, as likewise 20 English, and the same Number of the last mentioned Nation is daily expected there, which Port will be the rendezvous for the whole Army and Fleet, and from thence they are to take their Departure.

It appears from all the Accounts from Spain, that their Catholick Majesties will not be prevailed upon to defer the afore-named Expedition. Mean Time we are told that a Messenger was dispatched Yesterday to his Excellency Mr. Keom, His Majesty's Minister at the Court of Madrid on some Affairs of Emergency; that the Lord Waldgrave, His Majesty's Minister and Plenipotentiary to the Court of Vienna, is set out from Paris, on his Return to the said Court, and that next Week the Earl of Chesterfield will set out for France. To Day the Right Honourable Sir Robert Walpole set out for Windsor, in order to attend His Majesty at the General Council, which is to be held there this Evening.

Private Letters from Paris give an Account, that the Embarkation of French Troops to join those of Spain, for the Expedition to Italy, had been resolved in a Grand Council, which was held on the Subject of the Emperor's Answer, and that

Orders were dispatcht to Toulon for that Purpose.

As to our Preparations, they are in such Forwardness, that the Soldiers at Portsmouth were going to Embark, and we expect by next Post the like Account from Plymouth. But though there is no Prospect of preventing a Rupture, yet if it be true, as some believe, that the same will be confined to Italy only, we can be under little or no Apprehension. Mean Time the Germans seem to be of another Opinion, by the great Precautions they have taken, and still continue to do, for the Defence of the Empire, in Case a War should commence in Italy.

Last Night a Reprieve was sent by the Post, directed to a Merchant in Portsmouth, to be forwarded to Winchester, for the Boatswain of a Dutch E. India Ship, who was condemned last Assizes, for stabbing and ripping open the Belly of an English Seaman, belonging to the Fleet, which lay at Spithead last Summer, at an Ale-house on the Common. Letters from Portsmouth just come to hand, advise, that on Tuesday last 6 Companies of Major General Grove's Regiment embark'd on Board some Transports at Spithead, and that Yesterday Morning the whole Regiment of Brigadier Kirk was embarking at the same Place, and that the rest were only waiting for the Transports appointed for them. There was Yesterday and this Day a great Sale at the S. Sea House, where 1062 Serons of Cochineal was sold upon an Average at 18 Shillings per Pound, Indigo from 3 sh. to 3 sh. 10 d. per Pound, and Log wood, from 10 L. to 11 L. per Ton. On Tuesday last died the Reverend Mr. Doughty, a Nonjuring Clergy man; and the same Day died at Oxford Mr. Samuel Parker, Son of the Bishop of Oxford of that Name. Four Men of War are appointed to convoy the Transports with 6 English Regiments on Board to Italy. S. Sea Stock 103 1 4th, ditto Annuities 106, 3 4ths. Bank 141, 1 half. India 187, 1 half.

*From the Daily Post-Boy, July 16.*

Hague, July 7. N. S. Our private Advices from Vienna inform us, that the Great Duke of Tuscany could no longer defer the receiving the Investiture of Sienna; which the Allies of Seville will go near to resent as a manifest Violation of the Treaties.

*From*



From the Evening Post, July 16.

**Leghorn, July 1.** It is written from Bastia, Capital of the Island of Corsica, that they expected there in a little Time from Genoa 8000 Men of regular Troops to act with Force against the rebellious Highlanders of that Island, who have rejected all the Proposals of Accommodation that have been offered to them. The Army of those Rebels is encamp'd in a Valley near Ajazzo, and is commanded by one Pompiliani, whom they have made Choice of for their Chief.

**Barcelona, July 9.** This Port will be the rendezvous for the whole Army and Fleet, and from hence they are to take their Departure, which will be some time before they can be in readiness.

Here are now in Port 13 Spanish Men of War and 7 Gallies, and 13 more Men of War are soon expected. Here are also 70 or 80 French Tartans taken into his Majesty's Service. There are 17 English Ships, (of which Nation many more are expected, and much wanted.) Their Pay is two Dollars and a half per Ton per Month, to be paid one Month always in Advance, and 5 per Cent. Primage.

**Hague, July 18.** N. S. Yesterday three Sodomites were publicly executed at Rotterdam, by being strangled and burnt with Straw. There was executed at the same Time a Man for counterfeiting the Coin, who did nothing but deplore his Misfortune of dying in such Company, being in his own Sentiments an honest, tho' unfortunate Man: We suppose he spoke comparatively. As they were putting the Bodies of the Sodomites into a Boat, to carry them to the Sea, the Plank slid away, by which Accident the Schout and eight or ten other Persons fell into the Water, and were in Danger of being drowned. Tomorrow four more of those Wretches are to be executed at Delft. There are now but two Prisoners upon that Score at Amsterdam.

**Ratisbon, July 12.** The Imperial Envoys here give out, that the five associated Circles have already resolved to send into the Field 120,000 Men for the Defence of the Empire if it is attacked.

**London, July 16.** One of his Majesty's Messengers, who in February last was sent with Dispatches to his Excellency Benjamin Keen Esq; at the Court of Spain, has not since been heard of, which makes it to be feared he hath fallen into the Hands of Robbers, and by them been murther'd.

On Tuesday last Count Kinski Ambassador Extraordinary from the Emperor of Germany, received an Express from his Master by a German Messenger, dated July 11. N. S. which we are informed contains the Emperor's Answer to the last Proposals of the Allies of Seville.

The same Day Col. Charteris and the Earl of Weemsy were at Windsor, to take Leave of the Court, they being on the Point of setting out for the North.

The same Day Orders were dispatch'd from the War-Office, Whitehall, to several marching Regiments to recruit with all possible Expedition, in order to make every Company 50 effective Men, besides Officers.

The *Birch Galley*, Capt. Joseph Turner, is arrived at Bristol from Jamaica; but in her Passage, on the 19th of May last, she was taken by a Spanish Guard-Costa belonging to the Havana, which carried her to one of the Florida Keys, and there came to an Anchor, kept the said Turner and his People four Days on board the Guard-Costa, plundered the Ship of all her Stores, and Part of her Cargo, put the Thumbs of all her Company under the Cock of Gun, to force them to say they had Money or Logwood on board, which they had not. They also stript them of their Cloaths and Bedding, and kept them Prisoners four Days. The Truth of the foregoing Article they have sworn to before the Mayor of Bristol.

Yesterday, on the Arrival of the French Mail, it was confidently reported, that Cardinal Corsini, a Florentine, was elected Pope. He is of a noble Family, Uncle to the Marquis Corsini of Florence, and esteemed fitly qualified for that high Office.

## ADVERTISEMENT

WHEREAS RICHARD HOUSON of Cornfield, Writer in Edinburgh, being involved in several Incumbrances and Debts, is resolved to make a voluntary Roup, and Sale of Lands most saleable, for Payment of his just Debts, with all Speed and Conveniency: These are therefore desiring the Creditors of the said RICHARD HOUSON, betwixt and the 28th of July instant, to give in their just Claims of Debt, and show their Instructions thereof to John Boswell Writer in Edinburgh, at his House in Henderson's Land, next the Insurance-office against Fire; and the Creditors are desired to meet, by themselves or their Deputies, at Robert Brown Vintner, his House in the Lawn-market, upon Wednesday the 20th Instant, betwixt Four and Five after Noon, in order to concert proper Measures for the Sale and their speedy Payment.

Edinburgh,

Edinburgh, 17th July 1730.

**T**HE Creditors of the COMPANY wherein **JOHN DUFF** of Collier was lately engaged with **Patrick Mackay** of Seawrie, and **William Mackay** his Brother, and the said Mr. **DUFF's** proper Creditors, having, in Pursuance of former publick Notices, this Day convened, by themselves or their Doers, in a frequent Meeting, did come to the Resolutions following. **THAT** the proper Estate of the said Mr. **DUFF** does by much exceed all the Claims entered against him; yet that the whole of his Estate, both real and personal, should be disposed to Trustees for Behoof of the Creditors, towards their Payment. **THAT** Trustees be named; and they were named accordingly, viz. **James Blair of Ardblair**, Merchant in Edinburgh; **Mr. Alexander Arbuthnot** Merchant there, and **Mr. Andrew Hay of Montblary**, Writer to his Majesty's Signet. **THAT** the Creditors and Trustees, and Mr. **DUFF** enter into a Submission to Mr. **James Graham** of Airth, and Mr. **Patrick Grant** of Elphinstown, Advocates, and an Overseer, for ascertaining the Debts, and directing the Payment of the Creditors, and exonerating the Trustees, &c. **THAT** a Committee be named for revising the Trust-right and Submission; and a Committee was named accordingly. **THAT** whereas, by several Letters read in the Meeting, the said **Patrick** and **William Mackays** do propose to meet with the said Mr. **DUFF**, and at the Sight of Men of Honour and Knowledge to vindicate their Conduct, and account for the Effects of the COMPANY, provided they were secured against personal Diligence: It was therefore unanimously resolved, that all Manner of Execution against the Persons of them, the said **Patrick** and **William Mackays**, as well as the Person of the said **JOHN DUFF**, be superseded until the Eleventh Day of November next, inclusive. **AND** the Meeting, for further Security, ordered proper Superfedeas in the Premises to be executed with all possible Expedition. **THEY** also ordered the above Resolves to be publicly advertised, for the Satisfaction of all concerned; and impowered the said Mr. **James Graham** to sign the Sedentary of the Meeting in their Name, and he signed the same.

#### By ADJOURNMENT,

By the Trustees for **MERCHISTON** and **LETHEM** their Creditors:

That the Lands of **MOUNT**, lying in the Parish of Monimieal and Shire of Fife, and Teinds of the same, holding Tithward of the Crown, and paying of yearly Rent 733 L. 4 s. 8 d. Scots Money, and 8 Bolls of Oats. Also, That the Lands of **GUADSTANES** and **GREENSHEILS**, lying in the Parish of Liberton, Barony of Carnwath, and Shire of Dunbarton, holding Feu of the Laird of Carnwath and paying yearly L. 1608 06 08 Scots of Money, and a Chaldier and an Half of Meal, and half a Chaldier of Bear. And also, a **TEMPLE-LAND** in Lamington, paying L. 16 yearly, and holding of the Earl of Haddington. **ARE** all to be exposed (separately) to Roup and Sale by the said Trustees, on Friday the Thirty-fifth Inst. in William Gray's Vineyard at the Head of Borthwick's close, Edinburgh, betwixt the Hours of 3 & 4 in the Afternoon. The Rentals,

with the Writs and Conditions of Roup of the several Subjects, are to be seen in the Hands of **JAMES HALLIBURTON**, Writer to the Signet and Clerk to the said Trustees, at his Chamber in the Luckenbooths.

Edinburgh, July 16. 1730.

**THE BARONS** of His Majesty's Court of **EXCHEQUER** give Notice, That they intend to expose to Sale, by **Cart or Auction**, on Wednesday the 29th Inst. at 12 of the Clock, in the Exchequer Court, the Real Estates of **William late Earl of Seaforth** and **John Grant late of Glenmoriston**: The Purchasers Entry thereto to be at Martinmas next ensuing; and to be entitled to this present Crop and Year 1730. Also, at the same Time and Place, They will expose to Sale the Rests of the Tenants of the said Estates. The Particulars of which Estates, and Articles and Conditions of Sales, to be seen in the Hands of Mr. **ROBERTS** Deputy Remembrancer.

By the Arbiters in the Submission betwixt the Creditors of the Earl of **NORTHERN**

That they being now to proceed to determine the Ranking and Preference of the Creditors; upon the Effects and Funds disposed to them by the Earl. There are therefore to advertise them, and all others concerned, that they may, if they think fit, see and object against one another Grounds of Debt, now lying in their Clerk's Hands; and to certify those that have not produced their Claims and Vouchers, and deponed on the Verity of their Debts, to do it herewith and the 1st of August next, otherwise the Arbiters will have no Respect in the Ranking to such as fail so to do. And this by Order of the Arbiters.

WIL. FORBES.

#### By ADJOURNMENT.

That the Lands of **Wester-Blackmyre**, **East-Dovishill**, the Easter Half of the **Wester-Dovishill**, Mill and Mill Lands of **Herdmanshells**, a Lime-stone Quarrey, with an old House and Dovecoat contiguous, upon a rising Ground, having a Rivulet at the Foot; holding Blanch of the Rt. Hon. my Lord Torphichen, lying within the Parish of West-Calder and Shire of Edinburgh; extending to L. 337 13 00 of Money-Rent, 13 Bolls Meal, 5 Bolls Bear, 38 Kain-bens, 6 Poultry, with some other Casualties: Are to be exposed to Sale by voluntary Roup, on the Fourth Day of August next, in the Laigh-Coffehouse in Edinburgh, betwixt the Hours of 3 & 4 after Noon. The Rental of the Lands, Conditions of Roup, and Progress of Writs, to be seen in the Hands of **JAMES SYME** Writer in Edinburgh, or **George Dick** Writer in Mid-Calder. **NOTE** The Lands will be rented at 30 Years Purchase, and are in good sufficient Tenantry, and very capable of great improvement, containing a large Tract of Ground. That the Lime of the Quarrey belonging thereto is a great Inricher of Ground, which the present Proprietor can shew to ocular Inspection, having had sufficient Proof thereof. It will also be an Encouragement to any Purchaser, that the present Proprietor will bear mutual Charges in inclosing the Marches to the West, lying contiguous. There are many Free-stone Quarries on the Ground, and the Lime may be had at an easy Purchase.

**EDINBURGH**: Printed For and By Mrs. Thomas and Walter Ruddimans. Sold at the Printing-house; and at Mr. Alexander Symmers's Shop in the Parliament-Coffe. At both which Places, Advertisements and Subscriptions are taken in.

